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                 Data available for download as a PDF in RDISCLOSURE
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                 FROSTI and KOSMET enhanced with Simultaneous Left and Righ
                 Truncation
NEWS 9
        AUG 18
                 Simultaneous left and right truncation added to ANABSTR
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         SEP 22
                DIPPR file reloaded
NEWS 11
         SEP 25
                INPADOC: Legal Status data to be reloaded
         SEP 29
NEWS 12
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        OCT 10 PCTFULL: Two new display fields added
NEWS 13
NEWS 14
         OCT 21
                BIOSIS file reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 15
        OCT 28
                BIOSIS file segment of TOXCENTER reloaded and enhanced
NEWS EXPRESS NOVEMBER 14 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.01c, CURRENT
              MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0b(ENG) AND V6.0Jb(JP),
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PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 American Chemical Society (ACS) Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem. 20 NOV 2003 HIGHEST RN 619253-33-7 STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 20 NOV 2003 HIGHEST RN 619253-33-7 TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JULY 14, 2003 Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches. Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details. Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf => s ta27110 TA2711 L1 => s ta 2711 39568 TA 83 TAS 39650 TA (TA OR TAS) 727 2711 L21 TA 2711 (TA(W)2711)=> d ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN L2RN86408-72-2 REGISTRY 1-Phenanthrenecarboxylic acid, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-CN 7-(1-methylethyl)-6-sulfo-, monosodium salt, (1R,4aS,10aR)- (9CI) INDEX NAME) OTHER CA INDEX NAMES: 1-Phenanthrenecarboxylic acid, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-6-sulfo-, monosodium salt, [1R-(1.alpha., 4a.beta., 10a.alpha.)] -OTHER NAMES: Ecabet sodium CN CN Gastrom CN TA 2711 FS STEREOSEARCH C20 H28 O5 S . Na MF STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, BEILSTEIN\*, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CIN, LC DDFU, DRUGPAT, DRUGU, DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK\*, PHAR,

PROMT, RTECS\*, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.

(33159-27-2)

CRN

Na

62 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

63 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

=> file caplus medline biosis embase wpix japio uspatful

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL

ENTRY SESSION 14.74 14.95

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:55:39 ON 21 NOV 2003 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

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FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 10:55:39 ON 21 NOV 2003 CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> s ecabet or ta 2711 or gastrom or 86408-72-2/rn or 33159-27-2/rn

'RN' IS NOT A VALID FIELD CODE

L3 345 ECABET OR TA 2711 OR GASTROM OR 86408-72-2/RN OR 33159-27-2/RN

=> s inflammatory bowel disease or ibd or colitis or crohns or crohn or ulcerative colitis or behcet

L4 177577 INFLAMMATORY BOWEL DISEASE OR IBD OR COLITIS OR CROHNS OR CROHN OR ULCERATIVE COLITIS OR BEHCET

=> s 13 and 14

19 L3 AND L4

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PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L5

12 DUP REM L5 (7 DUPLICATES REMOVED) 1.6

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PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L6

12 FOCUS L6 1-

=> d ibib abs 1-12

ANSWER 1 OF 12 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON DERWENT on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003-441072 [41] WPIX

DOC. NO. CPI:

C2003-116578

TITLE:

Solution of ecabet sodium, dehydroabietic acid, base and buffer for direct administration into

intestines, to treat inflammatory bowel

disease, Crohn's and Behcet's

disease, rectal ulcers, appendicitis, enteritis,

tuberculosis and colitis.

DERWENT CLASS:

B05

100

INVENTOR(S):

ITO, T; NARISAWA, S; SUGAYA, K

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

(TANA) TANABE SEIYAKU CO

COUNTRY COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO KIND DATE WEEK LA PG

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WO 2003028716 A1 20030410 (200341)\* JA 18 RW: AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU

MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW

W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK

DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO

RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM

zw

APPLICATION DETAILS:

APPLICATION DATE PATENT NO KIND

\_\_\_\_\_\_

WO 2003028716 A1

WO 2002-JP9847 20020925

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: JP 2001-296689 20010927

2003-441072 [41] WPIX AN

WO2003028716 A UPAB: 20030630 AB

NOVELTY - Aqueous solution of ecabet sodium, including at least 1 w/v% (calculated on ecabet) sulfodehydroabietic acid or its chloride, contains one or more pH buffer chosen from polycarboxylate and polyphosphate salts, and inorganic base. The solution has a pH of 7-8.5.

ACTIVITY - Antiinflammatory; Antiulcer; Gastrointestinal-Gen.;

Antibacterial; Tuberculostatic.

No biological data given.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - None given.

USE - For treating inflammatory bowel

disease, (claimed) including Crohn's disease,

Behcet's disease, ulcerative colitis,

hemorrhagic rectal ulcers, appendicitis, ischemic enteritis, intestinal tuberculosis, and colitis induced by drugs, radiation and infection.

ADVANTAGE - The solution can be administered easily, by application from a (claimed) flexible receptacle. It has fewer side effects than

previous treatments. The solution is stable and less irritating. A solution of ecabet sodium (2 g), methyl p-hydroxybenzoate (0.1 g), propyl p-hydroxybenzoate (0.02 g) and trisodium citrate (1 g) in water (80 ml) was adjusted to pH 7.4 with aqueous sodium hydroxide, and the solution was diluted with water to 100 ml, and 1 ml of a Pseudomonas aeruginosa suspension (107-108/ml) was added and mixed. The mixture was kept for 1 week at a uniform 25 deg. C; no bacteria survived. Dwg.0/20

ANSWER 2 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN L7

2001:359792 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:348266

Preventive or therapeutic agent for inflammatory TITLE:

diseases of the intestine Kono, Toru; Nomura, Masafumi PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tanabe Seiyaku Co., Ltd., Japan

PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

INVENTOR(S):

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PATENT NO.
                 KIND DATE
                                      APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                                   WO 2000-JP7855 20001109
                         20010517
    WO 2001034143
                   A1
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
            CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
            HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV,
            MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE,
            SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA,
            ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
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            BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    AU 2001013025
                    A5
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                                      AU 2001-13025
                                                        20001109
                                       JP 2000-341840
    JP 2002104962
                     A2
                          20020410
                                                        20001109
                                       EP 2000-974835
    EP 1228758
                     A1
                          20020807
                                                        20001109
           AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                     JP 1999-321058
                                                     A 19991111
                                     JP 2000-225442
                                                    A 20000726
                                     WO 2000-JP7855
                                                    W 20001109
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A novel preventive or therapeutic agent for inflammatory diseases of the AB intestine contains 12-sulfodehydroabietic acid (ecabet) as the active ingredient; this agent is suitable for oral administration or intraintestinal infusion. A patient with Crohn's disease was successfully treated by intraintestinal infusion of a suspension of ecabet sodium in water. Formulations are given.

THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 7 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 3 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN L7

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:566538 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:254575

TITLE: Protective effects of an antiulcer agent,

ecabet sodium on colorectal carcinogenesis in

rodents

AUTHOR (S): Yarimizu, Takashi; Mitamura, Tadasu; Suzuki, Satoe;

Sakamoto, Shinobu

CORPORATE SOURCE: Third Internal Medicine, Oita Medical University,

Oita, 879-55, Japan

SOURCE: Oncology Reports (1998), 5(5), 1103-1107

CODEN: OCRPEW; ISSN: 1021-335X

PUBLISHER: Oncology Reports

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB A new antiulcer agent, ecabet Na is 1 of dehydroabietic acid derivs. prepd. from pine resin. The effects of ecabet Na on colorectal carcinogenesis were investigated in azoxymethane-pretreated mice with chronic ulcerative colitis induced by 3 repeated administration of 3% dextran sulfate Na and in 1,2-dimethylhydrazine-treated rats. Although daily treatment with ecabet Na did not affect the colorectal DNA-synthesizing enzyme

activities and bromodeoxyuridine-immunoreactive S-phase cells, high-grade dysplasia in ecabet Na-treated mice was less frequent than in untreated mice. In rats, ecabet Na administration reduced the

elevated activity of thymidylate synthetase in colorectal tumors.

REFERENCE COUNT: 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 4 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:294454 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:205297

TITLE: Effect of ecabet sodium enema on mildly to

moderately active ulcerative proctosigmoiditis: An

open-label study

AUTHOR(S): Kono, Toru; Nomura, Masafumi; Kasai, Shinichi; Kohgo,

Yutaka

CORPORATE SOURCE: Second Department of Surgery and Third Department of

Medicine, Asahikawa Medical College, Asahikawa, Japan

SOURCE: American Journal of Gastroenterology (2001), 96(3),

793-797

CODEN: AJGAAR; ISSN: 0002-9270

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OBJECTIVES: Ecabet sodium (ES), a nonabsorbable antigastric ulcer agent, has been shown to adhere to the region of an ulcer. It topically enhances gastric mucosal defensive factors such as the endogenous prostaglandins, capsaicin-sensitive sensory nerves, nitric oxide, and mucin. All of these mucosal defensive factors play an important role in maintaining the mucosal integrity of the colon and Therefore, we investigated the effect of ES in patients with mildly to moderately active ulcerative proctosigmoiditis. METHODS: In an open-label study, seven patients with mildly to moderately active ulcerative colitis (UC) who had an inflamed mucosa in the rectum and/or sigmoid and were resistant to 4-wk topical and systemic std. treatment were treated with an ES enema b.i.d. for 14 days. The enema consisted of ES (1 g) and tepid water (20 or 50 mL). These patients were assessed by the Clin. Activity Index, colonoscopically, and histol. before and after the ES therapy. The ES therapy was started after obtaining informed consent from the patients. RESULTS: Six of the seven patients responded to therapy and achieved clin., endoscopic, and histol. remissions. One patient was withdrawn because of increased stool frequency. All six patients who completed the study showed a significant change in the mean Clin. Activity Index score from 5.3.+-.1.4 (mean .+-. SD) to 0.5.+-.0.8 (p < 0.05), in the colonoscopic score from 3.0.+-.0.9 to 0.8.+-.0.4 (p < 0.05), and in the histol. score from 2.7.+-.0.5 to 0.5.+-.0.6 (p < 0.05), and achieved remission at the end of the study. There were no side effects attributable to the ES therapy. Five of the six patients are still in clin. remission after a median follow-up period of 5 mo. CONCLUSIONS: The ES enemas proved to be a safe and potentially useful adjuvant therapy currently available for treating patients with mildly to moderately active ulcerative proctosigmoiditis. A controlled study is necessary to confirm our results.

REFERENCE COUNT: 39 THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 5 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:181547 USPATFULL

TITLE: Tricyclic rantes receptor ligands INVENTOR(S): Saxena, Geeta, Vancouver, CANADA

Tudan, Christopher R., Vancouver, CANADA

Merzouk, Ahmed, Richmond, CANADA Salari, Hassan, Delta, CANADA

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 2003125380 A1 20030703 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2001-992550 A1 20011113 (9)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-881559, filed

on 14 Jun 2001, PENDING

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: BOZICEVIC, FIELD & FRANCIS LLP, 200 MIDDLEFIELD RD,

SUITE 200, MENLO PARK, CA, 94025

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 38 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 3 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1064

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB In various aspects, the invention provides compounds that bind to one or

more RANTES receptors for the treatment of chemokine mediated disease

states, such as compounds of formula (I): ##STR1##

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L7 ANSWER 6 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:134585 USPATFULL

TITLE: Tricyclic rantes receptor ligands INVENTOR(S): Saxena, Geeta, Vancouver, CANADA

Tudan, Christopher R., Vancouver, CANADA

Merzouk, Ahmed, Richmond, CANADA Salari, Hassan, Delta, CANADA

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: BOZICEVIC, FIELD & FRANCIS LLP, 200 MIDDLEFIELD RD,

SUITE 200, MENLO PARK, CA, 94025

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 38 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 3 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1142

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB In various aspects, the invention provides compounds that bind to one or

more RANTES receptors for the treatment of chemokine mediated disease

states, such as compounds of formula (I): ##STR1##

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L7 ANSWER 7 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:285101 USPATFULL

TITLE: Preparation capable of releasing drug at target site in

intestine

INVENTOR(S): Ishibashi, Takashi, Sakai, JAPAN

Kubo, Hiroaki, Kobe, JAPAN Yoshino, Hiroyuki, Suita, JAPAN Mizobe, Masakazu, Takatsuki, JAPAN

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tanabe Seiyaku Co., Ltd., Osaka, JAPAN (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: JP 1998-211678 19980728

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Spear, James M.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Browdy and Neimark, P.L.L.C.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 25 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 6 Drawing Figure(s); 6 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1178

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

A preparation capable of releasing a medicinal substance at a targeted site in the intestine, wherein the preparation dose not releases medicinal substance in endogastri at all, but can quickly release a medicinal substance when it reaches the desired site in the intestine after a certain period of time from discharge of the preparation from the stomach, and wherein a core material containing a medicinal substance is coated with a mixed film of a hydrophobic organic compound -- an enteric polymer. The preparation is useful for a local therapy of inflammatory disease in the intestine such as ulcerative colitis or Crohn's disease, or an oral administrative therapy with a medicinal substance of a peptide which is apt to be decomposed chemically or enzymatically in any site except for a specific site in the intestine such as the large intestine, or with a medicinal substance whose absorption site in the intestine is limited, or the like, because a medicinal substance can be delivered selectively to a specific site in the intestine.

## CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L7 ANSWER 8 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:499956 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200200499956

TITLE: A successful treatment for cap polyposis by oral steroid

administration and ecabet sodium enema, report of

a case.

AUTHOR(S): Ogino, Hidero [Reprint author]; et al

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Internal Medicine, Toyama Prefectural Central

Hospital, Toyama, Japan

SOURCE: Stomach and Intestine (Tokyo), (April, 2002) Vol. 37, No.

5, pp. 735-740. print.

ISSN: 0536-2180.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article LANGUAGE: Japanese

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 25 Sep 2002

Last Updated on STN: 25 Sep 2002

AB A 41-year-old woman was admitted to our hospital with the complaint of lower abdominal pain and bloody mucous stool. She had a prior diagnosis of ulcerative colitis, which had been unsuccessfully treated with sala-zosulphapyridine two years before admission to our hospital. Clinical examination showed severe hypoproteinemia and mild anemia. Barium enema and colonoscopy revealed multiple variously formed

polyps with redness and erosion from the rectum to the transverse colon. Biopsy specimens showed superficial erosion with elongated hyperplastic glands. These findings suggested cap polyposis. The patient responded to the combination therapy of oral steroid administration and ecabet sodium enema. She achieved clinical and endoscopic remission after 4 weeks.

ANSWER 9 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN L7

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:456184 BIOSIS PREV200100456184 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

A case of radiation colitis improved by enema TITLE:

therapy with ecabet sodium.

Matsumoto, M. [Reprint author]; Maruta, M. [Reprint AUTHOR (S):

author]; Maeda, K. [Reprint author]; Utsumi, T. [Reprint author]; Sato, Y. [Reprint author]; Takizawa, K. [Reprint

author]; Masumori, K. [Reprint author]; Matsuoka, H.

[Reprint author]

Department of Surgery, Fujita Health University School of CORPORATE SOURCE:

Medicine, Toyoake, Aichi, Japan

Journal of the Japan Society of Coloproctology, (July, SOURCE:

2001) Vol. 54, No. 7, pp. 489-492. print.

CODEN: NDKGAU. ISSN: 0047-1801.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article LANGUAGE: Japanese

Entered STN: 26 Sep 2001 ENTRY DATE:

Last Updated on STN: 22 Feb 2002

Radiation therapy is one choice for malignant disease of the lower AB abdomen. However, radiation sometimes induces radiation colitis as a severe side effect. Radiation colitis sometimes causes severe bleeding, and it is often difficult to treat, A 66-year-old man received radiation therapy (external radiation with 65.2 Gy) for carcinoma of the bladder. Bleeding in the rectum occurred approximately 15 months after irradiation. Severe bleeding and anemia could not be controlled by Salazosulfapyridine(R) and steroid enemas, and frequent blood transfusion was needed. Therefore, we gave ecabet sodium enemas to this patient, twice every day, for four weeks. Bleeding and anemia could be controlled by this treatment. It is suggested that ecabet sodium enema can be an available treatment for radiation colitis

ANSWER 10 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN L7

2000:258450 BIOSIS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200000258450

Evaluation of the use of ecabet sodium enema in TITLE:

patient with refractory ulcerative

colitis: Preliminary report.

Nomura, Masafumi [Reprint author]; Kono, Toru; Kasai, AUTHOR (S):

Shinichi; Ashida, Toshifumi; Kohgo, Yutaka

CORPORATE SOURCE: Teine-Keijinkai Hosp, Sapporo, Japan

SOURCE: Gastroenterology, (April, 2000) Vol. 118, No. 4 Suppl. 2

Part 1, pp. AGA A585. print.

Meeting Info.: 101st Annual Meeting of the American

Gastroenterological Association and the Digestive Disease Week. San Diego, California, USA. May 21-24, 2000. American

Gastroenterological Association. CODEN: GASTAB. ISSN: 0016-5085.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; (Meeting)

Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)

LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 21 Jun 2000

Last Updated on STN: 5 Jan 2002

L7ANSWER 11 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:207781 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER:

PREV200200207781

TITLE:

Alternative therapeutic strategies for intractable

ulcerative colitis.

AUTHOR (S):

Makiyama, Kazuya [Reprint author]

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Endoscopy, Nagasaki University School of

Medicine, Nagasaki, Japan

SOURCE:

Japanese Journal of Gastroenterology, (January, 2002) Vol.

99, No. 1, pp. 1-14. print.

ISSN: 0446-6586.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Article

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20 Mar 2002

Last Updated on STN: 20 Mar 2002

ANSWER 12 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:257217 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

PREV200000257217

TITLE:

Protective effect of ecabet sodium solution enema

in experimental colitis models in rats.

AUTHOR (S):

Kono, Toru [Reprint author]; Ohara, Kei; Nomura, Masafumi; Yoneda, Masashi; Ashida, Toshifumi; Kohgo, Yutaka; Kasai,

Shinichi

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

Asahikawa Med Coll, Asahikawa, Tochigi, Japan

Gastroenterology, (April, 2000) Vol. 118, No. 4 Suppl. 2

Part 1, pp. AGA A582-AGA A583. print.

Meeting Info.: 101st Annual Meeting of the American

Gastroenterological Association and the Digestive Disease Week. San Diego, California, USA. May 21-24, 2000. American

Gastroenterological Association. CODEN: GASTAB. ISSN: 0016-5085.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Conference; (Meeting)

Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)

LANGUAGE:

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 21 Jun 2000

Last Updated on STN: 5-Jan 2002

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OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
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      (1.alpha., 4a.beta., 10a.alpha.)]-
OTHER NAMES:
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CN
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     Gastrom
CN
     TA 2711
FS
     STEREOSEARCH
MF
     C20 H28 O5 S . Na
       TN Files: ADISINSIGHT, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CIN, DDFU, DRUGPAT, DRUGU, DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, PHAR,
LC
     STN Files:
       PROMT, RTECS*, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
          (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
```

Absolute stereochemistry.

(33159-27-2)

CRN

Na

- 62 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
- 1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
- 63 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)